





dress. Being near a turn in the road we were obliged to stop, or the storm would blow directly into the carriage. There we sat, feet tucked under us, and over-skirts around our necks, for nearly half an hour. We laughed a little, patted our horse, waited to see if the next gust would take the carriage top off, with a great fear in our hearts that we dared not speak. Congratulate us on grit, for afterwards we made our call looking like two chickens just pulled out of the rain water barrel. I don't recollect any such storm at home, and if any come you had better calculate to be in the house. We are getting fat on figs, and the 4th of July I'm going to a regular Southern Barbecue. You understand we don't care anything about that old paper that was signed years ago, but we are afraid the colored people are going to out-come us on our white leeches out of office, and we will try to tickle them with beef and barbecue.

L. S. MOSHER.

## MEXICO INDEPENDENT

MEXICO, THURSDAY, JULY 16, 1874.

### News of the Week.

At New York, Thursday, the government sold \$1,000,000 gold, at from 109.81 to 109.89.

James McCabe broke into a jewelry store at Hartford, Conn., Thursday, at 7 A. M., and at 3 P. M. was in Connecticut State Prison to serve a term of seven years.

O. K. Davis, Governor of Minnesota, telegraphed to the War Department, Thursday, representing that there was much suffering in certain counties of that State in consequence of the destruction of crops by locusts, and asking that rations be furnished instead of the quota of arms which the State is entitled.

President McMahon sent a message to the Assembly, Thursday, urging them to take immediate steps to strengthen him in his position. A motion for the dissolution of the Assembly was introduced and referred.

The Rev. Henry Ward Beecher called for an investigation of the charges against him on the day Theodore Tilton's letter was published, and a committee was appointed representing the church and society.

A Washington dispatch says that the increase of issue of postage stamps, stamped envelopes and postal cards, during the past fiscal year, is over three millions dollars at 14.40 per cent, over the previous year, and that more he will be of the increased revenue of the Post Office Department in the past fiscal year, is owing to the abolition of the franking privilege.

General William S. Hillyer, the last of Grant's original staff, died at Washington, Sunday.

Lightning struck a number of oil tanks belonging to the Erie railway, at Weehawken, New Jersey, Friday night, and set fire to them. The fire continued to burn Saturday and Sunday, destroying 75,000 barrels of oil, a large wooden storehouse cooper shop, the short pier, 100 feet of the long pier and section of trestle work. Loss, \$750,000; insurance, \$100,000.

Theodore Tilton has published a letter addressed to the investigating committee of Plymouth church, saying he will furnish proof of his charges against Beecher.

A large reservoir, just above the village of Middlefield, Hampshire county, Massachusetts, burst Monday, and the water rushing toward the village carried away the house of Oliver Blush, and a number of other dwellings, barns, &c., and doing great damage to roads, bridges and crops. The grist-mill of Oliver Blush and the carriage filler and shaft manufactory of William Blush, were carried away. The total loss will reach \$350,000.

At Kissington, Monday, an attempt was made to assassinate Prince Bismarck, a pistol shot being fired at him, the ball from which grazed his wrist. Kullman, who fired the pistol, was arrested.

Advices from St. Paul, Minn., state that reports of Indian hostilities at Pankina were greatly exaggerated, and that there is no immediate danger.

There was an enthusiastic demonstration at Kissington, Monday evening, in honor of Prince Bismarck, who appeared before the people and said the attempt on his life was not aimed at his person but at the cause he represented. Kullman has made a confession implicating others. A priest named Hanthala has been arrested on suspicion.

It is stated Theodore Tilton's wife has testified before the Plymouth church investigating committee, giving evidence contradictory to that of her husband. She has left her husband and will not return until he retracts what he has said about Beecher.

### Another Great Fire in Chicago.

THE CENTER OF THE CITY IN ASHES.

Tuesday afternoon a fire broke out on Fourth avenue and Polk street, Chicago, and burned thence north through the heart of the city, destroying many valuable buildings on Wabash avenue, and burning over a section four blocks in width and half a mile in length. The post office and First Baptist church were burned; the mails were saved. Many of the scenes and incidents of the great fire of 1871 were repeated. The fire was finally brought under control at the corner of Wabash avenue and Harrison street.

The losses by the fire are estimated all the way from one to six millions.

Some accounts say the fire commenced in a hotel of two Polish Jews, who are suspected of setting the fire, to get the insurance. Other accounts state that it originated in a paint manufactory shop.

SIN IS OFTEN THE RESULT—of physical ill-health and feeble stomachs. During one-third of our time the process of digestion continues. To be dyspeptic is to be miserable; dyspepsia is the foundation of fevers and all diseases of the blood, liver, skin and kidneys. Dyspepsia yields to the virtues of the vegetable ingredients in that great purifier of the blood and restorer of health, Dr. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS.

37-4

A fact worth remembering—Five cents worth of *Sheridan's Cough Condition Powder*, given to a horse twice a week, will save double that amount in grain, and the horse will be fatter, stronger and every way worth more money than though he did not have them.

Married ladies under all circumstances, will find *Parson's Purgative Pills* safe, and in small doses a mild cathartic. They cause no griping pains or cramp.

### Murder at Taberg.

In the village of Taberg, Louisa Kilburn aged 25, has been murdered, and her remains thrown down an embankment of 40 feet upon the rocks. Last Saturday evening she left her father's house, came down to the village to a millinery store and purchased some articles, after which she left, and was not seen until found yesterday afternoon in the condition above stated.

Her skull was badly smashed, and one arm was broken, and many bruises about the trunk of her body. Some articles she had purchased were found upon a pile of brush near the place where the body was found.

There are some suspicious resting upon parties, but no direct clue to the murderers has been discovered.—*Utica Observer*, July 13.

A LARGE VOLUME—would not contain the mass of testimony which has accumulated in favor of *Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry* as a safe, efficient and reliable remedy in curing coughs, colds and pulmonary disease. Many of the cures are truly wonderful.

### MARRIED:

In Oswego City, at the house of the bride's father, July 14th, by Rev. D. D. Parker, Mr. Frank P. Connell to Miss Made L. Tuller.

## MEXICO ACADEMY,

Mexico, N. Y.

Offers fine advantages in all the branches usually taught in such institutions.

An earnest effort will be put forth to make this school WORTHY of patronage.

### The Expenses are Less

Than in most institutions of this grade.

Board can be obtained in private families at reasonable rates. Many students furnish their own provisions, form a club, and hire some suitable person to do their cooking.

Thus Reducing the Price of Board to Actual Cost.

Fall Term of 13 weeks opens August 25, 1874. All the old teachers are retained.

For rooms or further information address

CHAS. E. HAVENS, A. B., Principal.

Or LEWIS MILLER, Mexico, N. Y., July 16, 1873. 37

Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg R. R.

1874. Winter Arrangements. 1874.

On and after Monday, July 2d, and until further notice, passenger trains will run on this road as follows, (Sundays excepted):

Leave Mexico, 8:30 a. m.; arrive at Rome, 10:45 a. m.; leave Albany, 11:20 a. m.; New York, 7:00 p. m.; Springfield, 7:30 a. m.; Boston, 11:30 p. m.

Leave Mexico, 6:02 p. m.; arrive at Watertown, 8:25 p. m.; Albany, 8:22 p. m.; Utica, 10:00 p. m.; Albany, 1:10 a. m.; New York, 7:00 a. m.; Sleeping car through to New York.

Leave Mexico, 7:10 a. m.; arrive at Oswego, 12:37 a. m.; Utica, 1:25 p. m.; New York, 3:30 p. m.; Albany, 4:20 p. m.; Springfield, 8:14 p. m.

GOING EAST. Leaving West. 7:30 a. m. 7:30 a. m. 8:35 a. m. 12:30 a. m. 1:25 p. m. 3:30 p. m. 4:20 p. m. 8:25 p. m.

J. W. MOAK, Gen'l Supt. H. T. FRARY, Gen'l Ticket Agent.

### GOOD HEALTH—HOW TO GET IT.

Take occasionally a few doses of *HOOPER'S BARK BITTERS*. It gives tone to the stomach, facilitates the digestion and assimilation of food, so necessary to the nourishment of the body. It regulates the bowels, carrying off the foul matter that would otherwise impair the action of the liver and corrupt the blood, producing foul eruptions, offensive breath, Sick Headache, Bilious Disorders, Jaundice, Bile, Acute, Nervous Debility, and General Weakness, and irritability.

They act not as a drastic purgative, but by arousing the dormant functions of Nature to healthy action, and thus setting the channels free, cleanse and nourish the whole system to vigorous, joyous health.

It is not a Run Bitters, but a pure medicinal preparation, that is curing its thousands daily who joyfully testify to its wonderful efficacy in curing disease and restoring health.

When a brisk purgative is required, use *HOOPER'S BARK BITTERS*. They act promptly, without nausea or distress.

Proprietors, *JOHNSON, HOLLAND & Co.*, Philadelphia. Sold by all Druggists.

### STONE, ROBINSON & CO.

1874 Spring & Summer. 1874

Just received, which we are selling at

Panic Prices.

Cottons are Down, and there is no use of holding on for high prices when goods are down. We will sell goods as cheap as they can be bought in the country of the same QUALITY.

### DRY GOODS.

A fine assortment of Prints, Gingham, Alpaca

Mourning Goods, Shawls, Lisle and Kid Gloves, Fringe, real Giupure Edges, Hamburg Embroidery, and a good assortment of Yankee Notions.

### Cloth Department!

An elegant stock of Spring Cassimeres, and in fact a full assortment of all kinds of goods adapted to men's and boy's wear. Also a full stock of

Ready-Made Clothing.

We make CUSTOM TAILORING

a Specialty, and can give you a job in that line, and guarantee fits. Give us a call before purchasing, and we will prove our words true.

STONE, ROBINSON & CO. Mexico, May 20, 1874.

### MEXICO MARKETS.

The following are the prices paid for farmers produce, etc., in this market: Flour (retail) \$2.50, red \$3.00, white \$3.00 Meal, 1/2 cwt, (retail) 1.00 Corn, 1/2 cwt, 1.00 Oats, 1/2 cwt, .65 Butter, 1/2 cwt, .22 Cheese, 1/2 cwt, .13 Lard, 1/2 cwt, 10 @ 12 1/2 Eggs, 1/2 doz., .18 Beef, 1/2 lb., .05 @ 14 Beef, 1/2 cwt., .85 @ 85 Mutton, 1/2 cwt., \$19 @ 80 Pork, 1/2 barrel, retail, \$2.00 Pork, 1/2 cwt., \$2.00 Apples, (dried), 1/2 lb., .07 @ .05 Ham, 1/2 lb., .02 @ .12 Dried Poultry, 1/2 lb., .08 @ .10 Potatoes, 1/2 bush., .50 @ .60

### Housekeepers Take Notice.

Oswego Flour, Winter, \$1.90; Spring, \$1.75. Kerosene oil, 15 cts per gallon. One Dollar Tea, 80 cts per lb. Coffee, 1/2 cwt, 6 cts. 10 lbs. Silver Glass Starch, 70 cts. 10 lbs. of Oat Meal, 10 to 13 cts. Soap, 5 cts. per bar. Coat's Thread, 7 cts. per spool.

The poor can have cheaper. W. C. JOHNSON Washington St., Mexico.

### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

COLLEGIATE AND COMMERCIAL INSTITUTE, New Haven, Conn.—Fortieth year. Preparatory to College, the Scientific and Business, and Commercial and through physical training by military drilling, gymnastics, rowing, &c. Catalogues sent on application. WM. H. RUSSELL, Principal.

### ONE MILLION ACRES OF Splendid Michigan Lands FOR SALE.

The Grand Rapids and Indiana Railroad has been finished; is 330 miles long, and its entire land grant earned!

In Farming Lands to Actual Settlers, for Individuals or Colonies.

### Special Bargains for 1874.

100,000 acres have been sold already. The lands are well timbered, making the best kind of farms. Strong soils of great producing power. Easily reached by rail or water. Good markets. Railroad runs through the tract. Michigan is one of the least indebted and most prosperous States in the West. Its schools are unexcelled. Its financial standing No. 1. No difficulty in transportation. Peace and prosperity are in its borders. Lands from \$4 to \$8 per acre. Time sufficient to interest 7 per cent.

WM. A. HOWARD, Land Comm'r, Grand Rapids, Mich.

R. R. L. PIERCE, Secretary, Land Department.

### RICH FARMING LANDS IN NEBRASKA.

Now for Sale Very Cheap.

Ten Years Credit, Interest only 6 per Cent.

Send for "The Pioneer,"

A handsome illustrated paper, containing the *Homeowner's Law*. A N. Y. NUMBER just published. Mailed free to all parts of the world. Address, O. F. DAVIS, Land Commissioner U. P. R. R., OMAHA, NEB.

### TEN PER CENT. NET.

The Iowa Loan and Trust Company, Des Moines, Iowa,

invests money for Eastern lenders at ten per cent. interest, net, payable semi-annually at the Chemical National Bank, New York. All loans secured on improved Real Estate, and the collection in full guaranteed by the Company. Lenders subject to no expense. Full abstract of Title, Coupon, Notes, Mortgage, &c., (made direct to lender), forwarded on completion. New York and New England references and full information sent on application. SAMUEL McBRILL, (late Governor of Iowa), Trustee, JAS. B. HEARTWELL, Sec'y, Des Moines, Iowa.

### LATEST IMPROVED Horse Powers, Grain Threshing AND Wood Sowing Machines, PATENTED.

Manufactured and sold by A. W. GRAY & SONS, MIDDLETOWN, VT.

Parties who wish to purchase machines that have proved to be superior to all others, will do well to look for circular and descriptive price list, which will be forwarded upon application, free.

WE DO NOT BOAST WHEN SAYING OURS IS THE BEST

If you wish to buy a *THREESIDE MACHINE*, or *HORSE POWER*, or a *PORTABLE ENGINE*, which are specialties with us, send for circular and price list.

H. & E. M. BIRDSALL, Penn Yan, Yates Co., N. Y.

### CASH WAGES

A splendid paying business for your leisure hours or your entire time, at home or out of either. A splendid and complete outfit sent free to those who will act as our agents. No capital required. We must have agents in every town. Write at once, and secure the agency. Address ALDER, HALL & Co., 6 N. Howard St., Baltimore, Md.

### Wonderful Cures

BY THE USE OF MIDDLETOWN SPRING WATER.

History, reputation and certificates of cures sent free, on application. Address MIDDLETOWN SPRINGS CO., MIDDLETOWN, Rutland Co., Vt.

### WATERS' Concerto ORGANS

are the most beautiful in style and perfect in tone ever made. The *CONCERTO STOP* is the best ever placed in any Organ. It is produced by an extra set of reeds, peculiarly adapted to great volume of tone. Suitable for PALACE, CHURCH or MUSIC HALL.

WATERS' New Scale PIANOS have great power and a fine singing tone, with all modern improvements, and are the BEST PIANOS MADE. These Organs and Pianos are warranted for 6 years. PRICES EXTREMELY LOW for cash, or part cash and balance in monthly or quarterly payments. Second-hand instruments taken in exchange. AGENTS WANTED in every city and town in the U. S. and Canada. A liberal discount to Dealers. Agents, Churches, Schools, Lodges, &c. ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE Mailed.

WATERS' Philharmonic, Vesper and Orchestral ORGANS

in UNIQUE FRENCH cases, are among the best made, and combine PURITY of VOICE with great volume of tone. Suitable for PALACE, CHURCH or MUSIC HALL.

WATERS' New Scale PIANOS have great power and a fine singing tone, with all modern improvements, and are the BEST PIANOS MADE. These Organs and Pianos are warranted for 6 years. PRICES EXTREMELY LOW for cash, or part cash and balance in monthly or quarterly payments. Second-hand instruments taken in exchange. AGENTS WANTED in every city and town in the U. S. and Canada. A liberal discount to Dealers. Agents, Churches, Schools, Lodges, &c. ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE Mailed.

WATERS' Philharmonic, Vesper and Orchestral ORGANS

in UNIQUE FRENCH cases, are among the best made, and combine PURITY of VOICE with great volume of tone. Suitable for PALACE, CHURCH or MUSIC HALL.

WATERS' New Scale PIANOS have great power and a fine singing tone, with all modern improvements, and are the BEST PIANOS MADE. These Organs and Pianos are warranted for 6 years. PRICES EXTREMELY LOW for cash, or part cash and balance in monthly or quarterly payments. Second-hand instruments taken in exchange. AGENTS WANTED in every city and town in the U. S. and Canada. A liberal discount to Dealers. Agents, Churches, Schools, Lodges, &c. ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE Mailed.

WATERS' Philharmonic, Vesper and Orchestral ORGANS

in UNIQUE FRENCH cases, are among the best made, and combine PURITY of VOICE with great volume of tone. Suitable for PALACE, CHURCH or MUSIC HALL.

WATERS' New Scale PIANOS have great power and a fine singing tone, with all modern improvements, and are the BEST PIANOS MADE. These Organs and Pianos are warranted for 6 years. PRICES EXTREMELY LOW for cash, or part cash and balance in monthly or quarterly payments. Second-hand instruments taken in exchange. AGENTS WANTED in every city and town in the U. S. and Canada. A liberal discount to Dealers. Agents, Churches, Schools, Lodges, &c. ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE Mailed.

WATERS' Philharmonic, Vesper and Orchestral ORGANS

in UNIQUE FRENCH cases, are among the best made, and combine PURITY of VOICE with great volume of tone. Suitable for PALACE, CHURCH or MUSIC HALL.

WATERS' New Scale PIANOS have great power and a fine singing tone, with all modern improvements, and are the BEST PIANOS MADE. These Organs and Pianos are warranted for 6 years. PRICES EXTREMELY LOW for cash, or part cash and balance in monthly or quarterly payments. Second-hand instruments taken in exchange. AGENTS WANTED in every city and town in the U. S. and Canada. A liberal discount to Dealers. Agents, Churches, Schools, Lodges, &c. ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE Mailed.

WATERS' Philharmonic, Vesper and Orchestral ORGANS

in UNIQUE FRENCH cases, are among the best made, and combine PURITY of VOICE with great volume of tone. Suitable for PALACE, CHURCH or MUSIC HALL.

WATERS' New Scale PIANOS have great power and a fine singing tone, with all modern improvements, and are the BEST PIANOS MADE. These Organs and Pianos are warranted for 6 years. PRICES EXTREMELY LOW for cash, or part cash and balance in monthly or quarterly payments. Second-hand instruments taken in exchange. AGENTS WANTED in every city and town in the U. S. and Canada. A liberal discount to Dealers. Agents, Churches, Schools, Lodges, &c. ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE Mailed.

WATERS' Philharmonic, Vesper and Orchestral ORGANS

in UNIQUE FRENCH cases, are among the best made, and combine PURITY of VOICE with great volume of tone. Suitable for PALACE, CHURCH or MUSIC HALL.

## Groceries, Crockery, COBB BROS.

NEW FIRM. NEW GOODS. NEW PRICES.

Having purchased the interest of J. HOOSE, in the old stand, we are ready to sell every thing in our line, consisting of

## Groceries, Provisions, Fruits, Fish, CROCKERY, GLASS WARE, PLATED WARE, LAMPS, &c., &c.,

Cheaper than Ever Before.

Having fitted up and arranged our store, we wish to make a

## SPECIALTY IN TEAS & CROCKERY

And ask a liberal patronage of our old customers.

LET EVERYBODY TRY OUR \$1.00 JAP. TEA.

Warranted the best stock in town.

Come and see the new Chandeliers, Vases, Lamps, &c.

We Sell Sets of Crockery from \$7 to \$15

Warranting the goods to be No. 1.

We sell no SECONDS or CRAZED WARE.

We intend our store to be one of the best in the County, and shall spare no pains to make it attractive to the ladies who wish to inspect our samples.

L. B. COBB. J. J. COBB.

Mexico, June 10, 1874.

## Good News

TO Purchasers of Building Material.

## Homer Ames

Mexico, N. Y., Manufacturer of DOORS,

The largest and best assortment ever in the Town of Mexico for

Only \$1.50

and upwards. Different styles of sash and circular doors made to order on the shortest notice.

FRAMES.

Door Frames, Window Frames, Store Fronts, &c., &c., on hand and made to order with dispatch.

SASH.

Assortment complete and made to order with promptness. Sash painted and glass set when ordered to do so.

BLINDS.

Having added a new Blind Slat Ten Machine to my works, I am now enabled to fill orders for 25 to 30 cents per foot. Door Blinds, Inside Shutters, &c., &c., made to order on the most reasonable terms.

MOULDINGS.

With the best and most complete assortment of kinds, I am enabled to give better satisfaction than any one in the country.

## SCROLL SAWING.

All kinds and styles done on the shortest notice.

TURNING.

Of every description done with dispatch, with prices to suit the times and to please all.

All kinds of Job Printing neatly done at this Office

## Spring VIRGIL Wall Paper,

Has arrived early, but is ready for it with his large stock of

Consisting of all kinds from the cheapest brown back to the

Finest Gilt.

Come and see his fine samples of SATIN PAPER.

Also his stock of WINDOW SHADES, GOLD BANDS.

All orders for paper hanging to be left at the store.

All paper bought of me trimmed free of charge.

Picture frames made to order.

L. L. VIRGIL. Mexico, March 17, 1874. 20

## Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Among the great diseases of modern times, few are of more real value to mankind than this effective remedy for all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. A vast trial of its virtues throughout this and other countries, has shown that it does surely and effectually control them. The testimony of our best physicians of all classes, establishing the fact, that CHERRY PECTORAL will do relief and cure the afflicting disorders of the Throat and Lungs beyond any other medicine. The most dangerous affections of the Pulmonary Organs yield to its power; and cases of Consumption, cured by this preparation, are publicly known, so remarkable as hardly to be believed, were they not proven beyond dispute. As a remedy it is adequate, on which the public may rely for full protection. By curing Coughs, the forerunners of more serious disease, it saves untold numbers of lives, and suffering need not be computed. It challenges trial, and convinces the most sceptical. Every family should keep it on hand as a protection against the early and unperceived attack of Pulmonary Affections, which are easily met at first, but which become incurable, and too often fatal, if neglected. Tender lungs need this defence; and it is unwise to be without it. As a safeguard to children, amid the distressing diseases which beset the Throat and Chest of childhood, CHERRY PECTORAL is invaluable; for, by its timely use, multitudes are rescued from premature graves, and saved to the love and affection centred on them. It acts speedily and surely against ordinary colds, securing sound and health-restoring sleep. No one will suffer from these influences and painful Bronchitis, when they know how easily they can be cured.

Originally the product of long, laborious, and successful chemical investigation, no cost or toll is spared in making every bottle in the utmost possible perfection. It may be confidently relied upon as possessing all the virtues it has ever exhibited, and capable of producing cures as memorable as the greatest it has ever effected.

PREPARED BY Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

## ATTENTION!

Through the Independent I would inform the citizens of Mexico of my country, that I have now

Filled up my Store with a Large Stock of CHOICE GROCERIES,

Which I am prepared to SELL VERY CHEAP.

Knowing that a nimble shrewdness is better than a slow shifting, I have decided to sell on the cash principle.

&lt;



HOME AND COUNTY.

The Fourth in Mexico.

After a week or two of preliminary fire-crackers and a few days of fantastic acts, the real celebration began on Friday night, when an air balloon was sent up from Mr. Conklin's and a bonfire placed on Ballard's corner of Main and Church streets. Soon after midnight the firing of cannon began, and the celebration, with an enthusiasm not entirely comprehensible to those whose patriotism is not of the fire and powder order, and to whom sleep is the sweetest of exercises, kept it up all night. The bells were rung at sunrise. At 10 o'clock the procession, consisting of the Band, Military and Firemen, with engine, hook and ladder wagon, etc., L. F. Alfred, Marshal, formed on Church street and marched to the Academy presenting a fine appearance. There, after music by the Band, prayer was offered by Rev. J. T. Hewitt. The Band played again when it was announced that, owing to the increasing rain, the reading of the Declaration of Independence would be omitted. The orator of the day, Maurice L. Wright, Esq., then delivered a finely written and eloquent address which amply repaid the audience, most of whom were standing in the rain and many without umbrellas, for their close attention. We regret that so large a number who would gladly have listened, were prevented from hearing it. The following are some of the principal points of the ADDRESS:

Ideas destined to Empire are born in those germs of nations called colonies. Some at the summit of a thousand years of glory was the product of the ideas that established the colony and built the city. We stand to-day the leader of the nations, but our power is the product of the ideas which our forefathers wrought into the social and political institutions of the colonies. The destiny of a nation is the development of an idea, and this idea permeates every thing.

In what does our national prosperity consist? Is it growth, wealth, the fact that we have changed the face of nature, and brought forth cities out of the wilderness? Is it because the States are bound together with iron bands, because our telegraph makes the air and sea and land kiss each other and gives us the thought of another world? Is it that education is universal? Except it be more than these we are a gigantic inferiority among the nations. We celebrate the day because our forefathers ordained that the people of this country should be free, because each individual enjoys the largest liberty consistent with the general good, because genius and power of every kind can work untrammelled. This idea of liberty our nation was founded to develop.

The blessings of liberty are to be seen in the rapid increase of population, and the manhood of the laboring classes. The laborer here is self-poised, self-willed and governs States. Thus man first forms institutions, and then they form him. The importance of the character of the institutions which the people establish at the origin of a nation is shown by the calamities which followed the slavery system of antiquity. The present duty of Americans is to preserve inviolate our great heritage. We are in danger from accumulated wealth, public dishonesty and modern infidelity. The destinies of future generations is in our hands, therefore let the principles of the Declaration of Independence be preserved in their purity.

The benediction was pronounced by Rev. Mr. Vincent and the rain falling more and more profusely, large numbers took shelter in the Academy. At half past twelve the "City Fathers," Band and Firemen took dinner at the Empire house, a dinner gotten up in Mr. Hayes' best style, which means, it was excellent.

THE SHOWER. or series of showers, continued until nearly night; and consequently the field sports were dispensed with. But somewhat after 2 o'clock the band, firemen, etc., marched with music to Park Hotel and a wonderfully patient company, some of them women in white, waited to see the rope walking. "Prof." Davis of Georgia, made his appearance at the end of the rope, but announced that he should not walk until half past seven, and the people left the street. Four air balloons were sent up in the course of the day, we think in the afternoon. At night approached the rain ceased, the monotonous gray of the clouds was broken up, and, greatly to the joy of all concerned, the sun and moon appeared.

THE ROPE WALKING. At seven o'clock the people gathered again at the bridge over Salmon creek to see the rope walking, and this time in far greater numbers. In an attempt to tighten the cable which had been stretched across the creek all day, three long scantlings used in fastening it, fell to the ground; fortunately everybody was enabled to get out of the way, and no harm ensued. But also for the "total depravity of inanimate things" in spite of guys and doctors many, the rope refused to be firm and the "Professor" three times at least, attempted to make the transit but failed. Once after going a few steps he went back to the landing; twice he fell but caught hold of the rope, the first time gaining the landing by means of his hands, the second making his way to the centre and descending one of the guys, when it was found he fell into the pond. The spectators rushed to the bridge which, known to be unsafe, had hitherto been carefully guarded, when the walk fell and the following persons were precipitated into the water: Theodore Webb, Will Gustin, D. C. Morse, Will Robbins, John Sherman, Ed. Wheeler, Frank Carpenter, G. A. Hunt, Mr. Parsons, (an old man) Will Mallory, Fred French, Prof. Davis and wife, H. J. Ball (a deaf-mute), Eddie McMaster, Fred King, John King, Eddie Gleason, Ed. Owens, Ira Ingersoll, Levette Brown and Frank Robards. The first eight named persons are firemen who were on duty at the time of the accident. They were all rescued and, strange to say, no one was seriously injured.

FIRES WORKS.

As soon as the excitement had subsided sufficiently, the crowd moved towards the Empire House where the principal fireworks were to be exhibited. These were preceded by a torch-light procession with Roman candles as well as torches, and soon came the fantastic, the darkness and the artificial light adding to their grotesqueness. Mr. Mayo, of the Mexico Hotel, had a pyrotechnic display of his own from the windows.

ILLUMINATIONS. The front of the Empire House was profusely decorated with Chinese lanterns

Editorial Correspondence.

EIGHTH LETTER.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., May 22, 1874. We bade farewell to Birmingham, the hospitable "Magic City," Friday, May 22, at 6:30, and started for Selma by way of the Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad, a distance of about 75 miles. We took breakfast at Calera, where we had to change cars for Selma. Here our locomotive, which had been doing us such good service for the past three days, left us. But there was another in readiness, decorated by the ladies of Selma with evergreens, flowers and the Stars and Stripes. We had two banners, on which were inscribed, "Welcome to the Central City," "Selma's greatest friends."

On our way to Selma, as the train halted at one of the stations, we picked ripe blackberries and saw oats in shock. Approaching Selma we enter the great "cotton belt," famous throughout the South. Before the war, land in this section sold for \$100 per acre; now, we are told, the best of it can be bought for \$15 or \$20 per acre. During our trip to Selma, we saw gangs of colored men working in the cotton fields. The cotton plant was just appearing above the surface, early floods having deluged its grounds.

On our arrival at Selma, about 11 A. M., we were met by a large delegation of citizens, and carriages to convey us to the Royle House, and a band of music, composed of colored men, led the procession. Flugs were suspended from some of the buildings, and the streets were lined with people. The fire companies came out and made a fine display. There were three fire engines, two of which were worked by steam. Both whites and blacks belong to the fire companies, and we were told that they get along very pleasantly together. While on the piazza of the hotel, listening to the music, we were introduced to the Mayor, Hon. John Hardee, brother of Gen. Hardee, whose home was in Selma. Mayor Hardee is an old printer. Speaking of the South, he said: "We need new founts, new impressions, and new rules." He said we want Northern men to come here with capital, energy and new ideas to help develop our great resources. Mr. Hardee introduced us to Hon. B. S. Turner, colored ex-member of Congress, to a colored member of Assembly, and a colored member of the City Council. They were fine-appearing men, and looked quite intelligent.

About 1 o'clock a banquet was given at Gilman Hall by the Common Council and Board of Trade. The tables were loaded with everything that could tempt the appetite. About 300 partook of the elegant entertainment. The band was stationed on a round platform at one end of the hall and discoursed sweet music; in the center of the room was an immense pyramid of plants and flowers arrayed with elegant taste, and which filled the room with fragrance. Addresses of welcome were delivered by the Mayor and Mr. Woolsey, President of the Board of Trade and responded to on behalf of the New York Association by Messrs. Winegar, Hamlin and Wilman. After the banquet we visited the Masonic Hall, which is fitted up in a very handsome style. We also saw the process of compressing cotton, which is quite interesting. By this process balls of cotton five feet in length are reduced to about eight inches in thickness by an engine operating a hydraulic press, exerting 3000 lbs. to the square inch. Six negroes were attending the compress, and while at work they favored the excursionists with some amusing plantation songs.

Selma is situated on the Alabama river, containing about 8000 inhabitants, and is quite an active, stirring place. Six railroads terminate here. Wilson came upon it during the war with ten thousand Union troops, took it, burned the arsenal, foundries, rolling mills, warehouses filled with military stores, and 150 private business institutions and residences were destroyed. The city is rapidly recovering from the loss—already some important works are in operation, among which is a large car-wheel manufactory, owned by Mr. Geo. Peacock, who kindly accompanied the excursionists quite a long distance, and is one of the most genial, best-hearted Englishmen we ever met. Selma is in the center of a great cotton belt, and its cotton shipments in 1872 were 85,000 bales. A bale weighs about 500 pounds, and now sells for about \$80. A fair crop of cotton averages one bale to three acres, though the best land will, under the most favorable circumstances, yield a bale to the acre. Cotton was once sold, to the producer about ten cents per pound, including labor and everything necessary for producing it and getting it to market. For the past two years the cotton crop has been quite poor, and as nearly all the land was devoted to the culture of this one staple, a failure of that is disastrous, provisions having to be procured from the North, and there being no commodity to send in exchange. The people have now learned not to depend on cotton alone—most all plant a variety. Vast quantities of corn will be raised in Alabama this year.

Alabama possesses almost illimitable resources, and although at present much depressed, she will ultimately become a populous and highly prosperous State. In a talk with one of the prominent citizens of Selma, he said: "We don't want slavery any more; what we want is Northern enterprise, Northern industry and Northern skill."

The Selma Times says: "Left by the war storm of our wealth, we are obliged to depend upon more fortunate sections of our great country for the means to bring out and blast, and smelt and mine the untold millions that now lie sleeping undisturbed by pick or shovel, in the hills and valleys of this State. Iron contiguous to coal, and sandwiched with limestone, needs but the touch of Midas to make Alabama the compact in population and resources of Pennsylvania. "The great God of Nature, as if desiring to lift us up from the bankruptcy of pure and heart, which came with the surrender, seems to have reserved for our recuperation the most wonderful juxtaposition of iron, coal, limestone and pine. Let us hope that the world will see it and soon invest its millions in our heaven-favored State."

"Or if the taste and training of capitalists incline them to the investment in the manufacture of lime, the quarrying of slate or marble, there is scope and vantage enough for the wildest ambition. So likewise should the teeming population of the densely crowded cities of the East and North, or the swarms from the hives from the old country desire to de-

vote themselves to the productions of the soil, where can they find richer land yielding a more abundant increase at less cost than here? Lands yielding in cotton from \$25 to \$100 per acre can be bought from \$5 to \$15 per acre. Cattle need not be wintered. Pasturage for them and mast for hogs abound. The great want of this section is population—thriftily, industrious population. This gives an annual increase, and furnishes the basis of all prosperity. The superior capital of the North, and their perfect machinery for supplying emigrants for the cold and far-off West, may not hope for a change. Soon, very soon, however, there will be a revolution of sentiment on this subject, and the interest of the money power will be diverted to these lovely plains in the interest of agriculture."

Among the acquaintances that we formed at Selma was that of Mr. Charles Collier, formerly of Ohio. He is superintendent of the gas works, and we are indebted to him for many courtesies. The citizens of Selma are a kind, noble-hearted and enterprising people, and they rendered our brief sojourn among them one of the most enjoyable character, and we wish their beautiful city much prosperity. H. H.

PARISH. There is now running between Parish and West Amboy a tri-weekly mail. Last Thursday the spring term of our schools closed. We believe the district is generally satisfied with the teachers. On Friday last Commissioner Howard held a town teachers' association at the village. About twenty teachers were present, and the exercises were interesting.

In the evening Mr. Hurlbut, a prominent temperance lecturer, lectured in the church. He spoke derogatory of the license laws, but was a great stickler of moral suasion. We contend that the great object of temperance legislation should be to legislate whisky out of our statutes, where it is now legislated in. Temperance does not need the promptings and assistance of legislation as whisky does. Repeal our whisky laws and then whisky through moral suasion can achieve her grand and glorious triumphs among men.

Independence day was remembered here and our citizens and many in our vicinity celebrated it in the spirit and the perfect union of the useful and the beautiful that earth knows. How wisely this was said is shown every season by the demand for nursery stock that so largely increases, and demonstrated by abundant products every year in every hamlet of our country; and the wonderful union of beauty and of use that is possessed by all the fruits that are grown is recognized more fully, whether upon the broad acres or the smaller premises about our towns, and causes them to be found most valuable and profitable by all classes. This rare combination has been made more apparent by nurserymen who have labored steadily to produce the choice varieties that are now offered in market and to publish their value, and the advantages to be secured by their cultivation till no man considers his farm in good condition, unless his orchard is prepared for, or grown, and his vines and trees already reward him for his care and foresight.

An experience of nearly a score of years in our business enables us to judge with accuracy of nursery stock, and to secure in all cases an article that is strictly first-class in every respect, so that our patrons cannot fail to receive the satisfaction that the very best stock of fruit and ornamental tree and shrub offers. Our agents, Messrs. L. A. Patchen, and J. B. Hoag are soliciting orders for the towns of Palermo and Mexico, and will call around in a few days.

CHASE BROS. & STONE.

Quarterly Review.

DIETES.

Last Sabbath evening the Baptist Sabbath-school of this village had a review of the lessons of the preceding quarter. It was conducted by Rev. Mr. Hutchins, the pastor. Upon the black-board were written some of the truths suggested by the lessons, from which numerous questions were asked. The questions were thorough, embracing all the principal points in the past quarter's lessons.

The exercises were interspersed with singing by the school, under the direction of the superintendent, Mr. E. H. Walworth. The church was well filled, and good attention was paid throughout. Would it not be a pleasant and profitable plan for every school to have a regular review or examination at the close of each quarter? Would it not enable the scholars and teachers also to remember the truths taught in the lessons better, and apply them to every day life?

Real Estate Sales. Albert D. Barker to Andrew S. Lum, 34 75-100 acres in Parish, \$440. June 1874. William S. Lansing to Allen Merriam, 24 rods of land in Palermo, \$400. Oct., 1865.

David A. Denton to Allen Merriam, 7 acres in Palermo, \$950. Feb., 1874. James W. Bard, et al. to Richard H. Gibbs, part of lot 93 in Mexico, \$1,000. 1871.

James R. Jones to Willis E. Tiffany, about 130 acres in Mexico, \$1,000. May, 1874. William E. Hosmer to Ephraim Chick 2 acres in Mexico, \$600. Jan., 1873. Joseph Copp to James Fleming, part of lots 79 and 89 in Richland, \$8,400. May, 1874.

Albert Adams to Joseph Copp, part of lots 79 and 81 in Richland, \$3,600. March, 1874. Alma L. Enslow to Palmer P. Quackenbush, part of lot 7, sub 5 in Albion, \$1,150. April, 1874.

Ferry Right to Othniel Holmes, parcels of land in Mexico, \$1,100. Sep., 1873.

Fine Fruit. Said an eminent author whose love of Horticulture only exceeded his thorough knowledge of all its branches, is the most perfect union of the useful and the beautiful that earth knows. How wisely this was said is shown every season by the demand for nursery stock that so largely increases, and demonstrated by abundant products every year in every hamlet of our country; and the wonderful union of beauty and of use that is possessed by all the fruits that are grown is recognized more fully, whether upon the broad acres or the smaller premises about our towns, and causes them to be found most valuable and profitable by all classes. This rare combination has been made more apparent by nurserymen who have labored steadily to produce the choice varieties that are now offered in market and to publish their value, and the advantages to be secured by their cultivation till no man considers his farm in good condition, unless his orchard is prepared for, or grown, and his vines and trees already reward him for his care and foresight.

The Syracuse Standard says: All the seriously injured by the recent church disaster continue to improve, and ultimate recovery is anticipated in each instance. —J. N. F. Hall has fitted up his new hair-dressing saloon, next door south of the Mexico Hotel, in a very neat style, and he will be glad to receive a call from all his old customers and many new ones.

Mr. E. L. Seligson of New York, (Kompetent of the Deaf-Mute's Journal), is visiting at Mr. Rider's. He has been for some time a teacher in the New York Institution, and is a gentleman of fine abilities.

The Firemen appeared in their new uniforms on the Fourth, and so well pleased were they that some of them went to wear it Sundays, as well as holidays. It is really handsome.

While at Parish the other day, we met Mr. Northrop, proprietor of the Parish Mirror. We found him to be just as he looks—genial and pleasant. We understand that he is well satisfied with the support his paper is receiving.

A man came into our office last week and renewed his subscription one day before the expiration of his year. His name was Orville Roberts, and we shall be glad to record the names of any others who will do the same.

Mr. John Berry has brought to this office a hen's egg which challenges competition for smallness. It measures 1 1/2 inches by 1 inch, and weighs one drachm. He would prefer to sell such eggs by the dozen.

A Strawberry Festival will be held in the Colosse Church to-morrow (Friday evening), for the benefit of the Colosse Cornet Band, which will be assisted in giving a good entertainment of music by the Mexico Helicon Band. We trust there will be a large attendance.

On Tuesday night the Lansing M. E. Church was struck with lightning. It tore the roof, passed down the chimney, and shattered a stove and also a bench. A festival was being held in the church at the time, and about a dozen persons were prostrated, but none were seriously injured.

A Southern paper says mosquitoes may be driven from a room by placing a piece of gum camphor one third the size of a common egg, in a tin vessel and evaporating it by holding it over a lamp, taking care it does not ignite. The smoke will fill the room and expel the mosquitoes.

The following is a simple mode of rendering water almost as cold as ice: Let the jar, pitcher, or vessel used for water be surrounded with one or more folds of coarse cotton kept constantly wet. The evaporation of the water will carry off the heat from the inside and reduce it to a freezing point. In India and other tropical regions where ice cannot be procured this is common.

Mr. James R. Robinson, principal of Southold Academy, L. I., gave us a call on Tuesday. Mr. Robinson was formerly of New Haven, and received his academic education in this place, where he has many friends. Several young men have already taken for college with him at Southold, and are prospering. We are glad to chronicle his success.

Just received Porto Rico and New Orleans Molasses, at COBB BROS.

Your wife will ask you to get the best Jap. Tea. You will find it at COBB BROS.

Those beautiful parrots at BECKER BROS.

Quarterly Review.

DIETES.

Last Sabbath evening the Baptist Sabbath-school of this village had a review of the lessons of the preceding quarter. It was conducted by Rev. Mr. Hutchins, the pastor. Upon the black-board were written some of the truths suggested by the lessons, from which numerous questions were asked. The questions were thorough, embracing all the principal points in the past quarter's lessons.

The exercises were interspersed with singing by the school, under the direction of the superintendent, Mr. E. H. Walworth. The church was well filled, and good attention was paid throughout. Would it not be a pleasant and profitable plan for every school to have a regular review or examination at the close of each quarter? Would it not enable the scholars and teachers also to remember the truths taught in the lessons better, and apply them to every day life?

Real Estate Sales. Albert D. Barker to Andrew S. Lum, 34 75-100 acres in Parish, \$440. June 1874. William S. Lansing to Allen Merriam, 24 rods of land in Palermo, \$400. Oct., 1865.

David A. Denton to Allen Merriam, 7 acres in Palermo, \$950. Feb., 1874. James W. Bard, et al. to Richard H. Gibbs, part of lot 93 in Mexico, \$1,000. 1871.

James R. Jones to Willis E. Tiffany, about 130 acres in Mexico, \$1,000. May, 1874. William E. Hosmer to Ephraim Chick 2 acres in Mexico, \$600. Jan., 1873. Joseph Copp to James Fleming, part of lots 79 and 89 in Richland, \$8,400. May, 1874.

Albert Adams to Joseph Copp, part of lots 79 and 81 in Richland, \$3,600. March, 1874. Alma L. Enslow to Palmer P. Quackenbush, part of lot 7, sub 5 in Albion, \$1,150. April, 1874.

Ferry Right to Othniel Holmes, parcels of land in Mexico, \$1,100. Sep., 1873.

Fine Fruit. Said an eminent author whose love of Horticulture only exceeded his thorough knowledge of all its branches, is the most perfect union of the useful and the beautiful that earth knows. How wisely this was said is shown every season by the demand for nursery stock that so largely increases, and demonstrated by abundant products every year in every hamlet of our country; and the wonderful union of beauty and of use that is possessed by all the fruits that are grown is recognized more fully, whether upon the broad acres or the smaller premises about our towns, and causes them to be found most valuable and profitable by all classes. This rare combination has been made more apparent by nurserymen who have labored steadily to produce the choice varieties that are now offered in market and to publish their value, and the advantages to be secured by their cultivation till no man considers his farm in good condition, unless his orchard is prepared for, or grown, and his vines and trees already reward him for his care and foresight.

The Syracuse Standard says: All the seriously injured by the recent church disaster continue to improve, and ultimate recovery is anticipated in each instance. —J. N. F. Hall has fitted up his new hair-dressing saloon, next door south of the Mexico Hotel, in a very neat style, and he will be glad to receive a call from all his old customers and many new ones.

Mr. E. L. Seligson of New York, (Kompetent of the Deaf-Mute's Journal), is visiting at Mr. Rider's. He has been for some time a teacher in the New York Institution, and is a gentleman of fine abilities.

The Firemen appeared in their new uniforms on the Fourth, and so well pleased were they that some of them went to wear it Sundays, as well as holidays. It is really handsome.

While at Parish the other day, we met Mr. Northrop, proprietor of the Parish Mirror. We found him to be just as he looks—genial and pleasant. We understand that he is well satisfied with the support his paper is receiving.

A man came into our office last week and renewed his subscription one day before the expiration of his year. His name was Orville Roberts, and we shall be glad to record the names of any others who will do the same.

Mr. John Berry has brought to this office a hen's egg which challenges competition for smallness. It measures 1 1/2 inches by 1 inch, and weighs one drachm. He would prefer to sell such eggs by the dozen.

A Strawberry Festival will be held in the Colosse Church to-morrow (Friday evening), for the benefit of the Colosse Cornet Band, which will be assisted in giving a good entertainment of music by the Mexico Helicon Band. We trust there will be a large attendance.

On Tuesday night the Lansing M. E. Church was struck with lightning. It tore the roof, passed down the chimney, and shattered a stove and also a bench. A festival was being held in the church at the time, and about a dozen persons were prostrated, but none were seriously injured.

A Southern paper says mosquitoes may be driven from a room by placing a piece of gum camphor one third the size of a common egg, in a tin vessel and evaporating it by holding it over a lamp, taking care it does not ignite. The smoke will fill the room and expel the mosquitoes.

The following is a simple mode of rendering water almost as cold as ice: Let the jar, pitcher, or vessel used for water be surrounded with one or more folds of coarse cotton kept constantly wet. The evaporation of the water will carry off the heat from the inside and reduce it to a freezing point. In India and other tropical regions where ice cannot be procured this is common.

Mr. James R. Robinson, principal of Southold Academy, L. I., gave us a call on Tuesday. Mr. Robinson was formerly of New Haven, and received his academic education in this place, where he has many friends. Several young men have already taken for college with him at Southold, and are prospering. We are glad to chronicle his success.

Just received Porto Rico and New Orleans Molasses, at COBB BROS.

Your wife will ask you to get the best Jap. Tea. You will find it at COBB BROS.

Those beautiful parrots at BECKER BROS.

Quarterly Review.

DIETES.

Last Sabbath evening the Baptist Sabbath-school of this village had a review of the lessons of the preceding quarter. It was conducted by Rev. Mr. Hutchins, the pastor. Upon the black-board were written some of the truths suggested by the lessons, from which numerous questions were asked. The questions were thorough, embracing all the principal points in the past quarter's lessons.

The exercises were interspersed with singing by the school, under the direction of the superintendent, Mr. E. H. Walworth. The church was well filled, and good attention was paid throughout. Would it not be a pleasant and profitable plan for every school to have a regular review or examination at the close of each quarter? Would it not enable the scholars and teachers also to remember the truths taught in the lessons better, and apply them to every day life?

Real Estate Sales. Albert D. Barker to Andrew S. Lum, 34 75-100 acres in Parish, \$440. June 1874. William S. Lansing to Allen Merriam, 24 rods of land in Palermo, \$400. Oct., 1865.

David A. Denton to Allen Merriam, 7 acres in Palermo, \$950. Feb., 1874. James W. Bard, et al. to Richard H. Gibbs, part of lot 93 in Mexico, \$1,000. 1871.

James R. Jones to Willis E. Tiffany, about 130 acres in Mexico, \$1,000. May, 1874. William E. Hosmer to Ephraim Chick 2 acres in Mexico, \$600. Jan., 1873. Joseph Copp to James Fleming, part of lots 79 and 89 in Richland, \$8,400. May, 1874.

Albert Adams to Joseph Copp, part of lots 79 and 81 in Richland, \$3,600. March, 1874. Alma L. Enslow to Palmer P. Quackenbush, part of lot 7, sub 5 in Albion, \$1,150. April, 1874.

Ferry Right to Othniel Holmes, parcels of land in Mexico, \$1,100. Sep., 1873.

Fine Fruit. Said an eminent author whose love of Horticulture only exceeded his thorough knowledge of all its branches, is the most perfect union of the useful and the beautiful that earth knows. How wisely this was said is shown every season by the demand for nursery stock that so largely increases, and demonstrated by abundant products every year in every hamlet of our country; and the wonderful union of beauty and of use that is possessed by all the fruits that are grown is recognized more fully, whether upon the broad acres or the smaller premises about our towns, and causes them to be found most valuable and profitable by all classes. This rare combination has been made more apparent by nurserymen who have labored steadily to produce the choice varieties that are now offered in market and to publish their value, and the advantages to be secured by their cultivation till no man considers his farm in good condition, unless his orchard is prepared for, or grown, and his vines and trees already reward him for his care and foresight.

The Syracuse Standard says: All the seriously injured by the recent church disaster continue to improve, and ultimate recovery is anticipated in each instance. —J. N. F. Hall has fitted up his new hair-dressing saloon, next door south of the Mexico Hotel, in a very neat style, and he will be glad to receive a call from all his old customers and many new ones.

Mr. E. L. Seligson of New York, (Kompetent of the Deaf-Mute's Journal), is visiting at Mr. Rider's. He has been for some time a teacher in the New York Institution, and is a gentleman of fine abilities.

The Firemen appeared in their new uniforms on the Fourth, and so well pleased were they that some of them went to wear it Sundays, as well as holidays. It is really handsome.

While at Parish the other day, we met Mr. Northrop, proprietor of the Parish Mirror. We found him to be just as he looks—genial and pleasant. We understand that he is well satisfied with the support his paper is receiving.

A man came into our office last week and renewed his subscription one day before the expiration of his year. His name was Orville Roberts, and we shall be glad to record the names of any others who will do the same.

Mr. John Berry has brought to this office a hen's egg which challenges competition for smallness. It measures 1 1/2 inches by 1 inch, and weighs one drachm. He would prefer to sell such eggs by the dozen.

A Strawberry Festival will be held in the Colosse Church to-morrow (Friday evening), for the benefit of the Colosse Cornet Band, which will be assisted in giving a good entertainment of music by the Mexico Helicon Band. We trust there will be a large attendance.

On Tuesday night the Lansing M. E. Church was struck with lightning. It tore the roof, passed down the chimney, and shattered a stove and also a bench. A festival was being held in the church at the time, and about a dozen persons were prostrated, but none were seriously injured.

A Southern paper says mosquitoes may be driven from a room by placing a piece of gum camphor one third the size of a common egg, in a tin vessel and evaporating it by holding it over a lamp, taking care it does not ignite. The smoke will fill the room and expel the mosquitoes.

The following is a simple mode of rendering water almost as cold as ice: Let the jar, pitcher, or vessel used for water be surrounded with one or more folds of coarse cotton kept constantly wet. The evaporation of the water will carry off the heat from the inside and reduce it to a freezing point. In India and other tropical regions where ice cannot be procured this is common.

Mr. James R. Robinson, principal of Southold Academy, L. I., gave us a call on Tuesday. Mr. Robinson was formerly of New Haven, and received his academic education in this place, where he has many friends. Several young men have already taken for college with him at Southold, and are prospering. We are glad to chronicle his success.

Just received Porto Rico and New Orleans Molasses, at COBB BROS.

Your wife will ask you to get the best Jap. Tea. You will find it at COBB BROS.

Those beautiful parrots at BECKER BROS.

Quarterly Review.

DIETES.

Last Sabbath evening the Baptist Sabbath-school of this village had a review of the lessons of the preceding quarter. It was conducted by Rev. Mr. Hutchins, the pastor. Upon the black-board were written some of the truths suggested by the lessons, from which numerous questions were asked. The questions were thorough, embracing all the principal points in the past quarter's lessons.

The exercises were interspersed with singing by the school, under the direction of the superintendent, Mr. E. H. Walworth. The church was well filled, and good attention was paid throughout. Would it not be a pleasant and profitable plan for every school to have a regular review or examination at the close of each quarter? Would it not enable the scholars and teachers also to remember the truths taught in the lessons better, and apply them to every day life?

Real Estate Sales. Albert D. Barker to Andrew S. Lum, 34 75-100 acres in Parish, \$440. June 1874. William S. Lansing to Allen Merriam, 24 rods of land in Palermo, \$400. Oct., 1865.

David A. Denton to Allen Merriam, 7 acres in Palermo, \$950. Feb., 1874. James W. Bard, et al. to Richard H. Gibbs, part of lot 93 in Mexico, \$1,000. 1871.

James R. Jones to Willis E. Tiffany, about 130 acres in Mexico, \$1,000. May, 1874. William E. Hosmer to Ephraim Chick 2 acres in Mexico, \$600. Jan., 1873. Joseph Copp to James Fleming, part of lots 79 and 89 in Richland, \$8,400. May, 1874.

Albert Adams to Joseph Copp, part of lots 79 and 81 in Richland, \$3,600. March, 1874. Alma L. Enslow to Palmer P. Quackenbush, part of lot 7, sub 5 in Albion, \$1,150. April, 1874.

Ferry Right to Othniel Holmes, parcels of land in Mexico, \$1,100. Sep., 1873.

Fine Fruit. Said an eminent author whose love of Horticulture only exceeded his thorough knowledge of all its branches, is the most perfect union of the useful and the beautiful that earth knows. How wisely this was said is shown every season by the demand for nursery stock that so largely increases, and demonstrated by abundant products every year in every hamlet of our country; and the wonderful union of beauty and of use that is possessed by all the fruits that are grown is recognized more fully, whether upon the broad acres or the smaller premises about our towns, and causes them to be found most valuable and profitable by all classes. This rare combination has been made more apparent by nurserymen who have labored steadily to produce the choice varieties that are now offered in market and to publish their value, and the advantages to be secured by their cultivation till no man considers his farm in good condition, unless his orchard is prepared for, or grown, and his vines and trees already reward him for his care and foresight.

The Syracuse Standard says: All the seriously injured by the recent church disaster continue to improve, and ultimate recovery is anticipated in each instance. —J. N. F. Hall has fitted up his new hair-dressing saloon, next door south of the Mexico Hotel, in a very neat style, and he will be glad to receive a call from all his old customers and many new ones.

Mr. E. L. Seligson of New York, (Kompetent of the Deaf-Mute's Journal), is visiting at Mr. Rider's. He has been for some time a teacher in the New York Institution, and is a gentleman of fine abilities.

The Firemen appeared in their new uniforms on the Fourth, and so well pleased were they that some of them went to wear it Sundays, as well as holidays. It is really handsome.

While at Parish the other day, we met Mr. Northrop, proprietor of



